FULL BUSINESS CASE (FBC)									
1. General Information	1. General Information								
Directorate	Economy	Portfolio/ Committee	Development, Transport & the Economy						
Project Title	Local Growth Fund - Longbridge Connectivity Scheme	Project Code	CA-02712 CA-02000-03 to 10						
Project Description	Background  On 7 <sup>th</sup> July 2014 the Gover Growth Deals to Local Enter Birmingham and Solihull LEI growth in the area with £38. and £58.5m for 2016/17 to 20 One of the economic growth Scheme, which will improve development site, supporting On 16 <sup>th</sup> March 2015 Cabinet (PDD) for the Local Growth This report allocated £0.350 Scheme to FBC.  On 15 <sup>th</sup> June 2015 a FBC Connectivity Scheme was some release of £4.86m of LGF ff GBSLEP Growth Board on 20 On 2 <sup>nd</sup> November 2015, a Longbridge Connectivity Scheme to FBC.	erprise Partnerships P has secured £35 7m of new funding 021. h projects is the L connectivity to the job creation and ecapproved the Proje Fund Transport and m to develop the L C for the 1 <sup>st</sup> phase cubmitted to the Gl unding. Approval and September 2015 business case for cheme, specifically the GBSLEP received	the outcome of the 39 s (LEPs). The Greater 7.4m to fund economic confirmed for 2015/16 ongbridge Connectivity e 468 acre Longbridge conomic growth. The connectivity Projects ongbridge Connectivity Projects. The Longbridge BSLEP, requesting the was received from the connective of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase of the content of the Park and Ride questing an additional						
	Investment Site and 2. Reduce congestion I through the Longbriand increased junct junctions on the A38 3. Enhance the rail us increase in passer regeneration in Long 4. Create improved was the wayfinding strat creating new, safer of 5. Improve the publiconnectivity by crinterchange to suppose. 6. Improve accessibility	an overall scheme with ongbridge, aiming porting of one of the second of the second overall developments of the second overall second ov	enhance the overall to revitalise the local he largest regeneration overarching investment creating new physical access to the Regional nt. ourney time and delays physical improvements ongbridge Lane and at facilitate the predicted recast to accompany cilities by implementing asportation nodes, and with wider network.						

provision.

The proposal for improvements to the junctions on Longbridge Lane was developed as part of the approved Longbridge Area Action Plan and is reflected within the Longbridge Connectivity Scheme Local Growth Fund bid. The proposals are to reduce congestion, improve accessibility and reduce severance. Longbridge Lane provides an important connection to the M42. Occupiers on the Longbridge Development site are known to have chosen Longbridge because of the ease of access to business in London, Oxford, Warwick and Coventry. It is also recognised that the Longbridge Development site is attractive to prospective tenants because of its 30 minute drive time to Birmingham Airport, Birmingham International Railway Station and similar manufacturing facilities at Gaydon.

### **Proposed Measures**

The Longbridge Connectivity scheme comprises the following elements, see the 'Project Deliverables' section for further details:

- Improve the highway connectivity to strategic routes by addressing pinch points and reduce congestion on Longbridge Lane and Bristol Road South, comprising improvements at:
  - A38 Roundabout at Lickey Road and West Link Road Junctions
  - A38 Bristol Road South and Lickey Road Speed Limit Reduction
  - A38 Bristol Road/ Tessall Lane Junction
  - Tessall Lane Cycle Measures
  - o Longbridge Lane / Groveley Lane / Cofton Road Junction
  - Longbridge Lane / Turves Green / Coombes Lane Junction
  - Longbridge Lane Cycle Measures
- Upgrade the existing railway station facility ensuring the station is 'fit for purpose'.
- Improve the existing bus interchange: 5 stops on Longbridge Lane and 3 on Bristol Road South to be upgraded.
- Accommodate the diversion of the National Cycle Network (NCN)
  Route 5 through Longbridge by extending the traffic free cycle
  route along the River Rea to Tessall Lane.
- Implement pedestrian wayfinding signage to improve navigation and connections at and around Longbridge Railway Station and to better connect with local bus stops.
- Enhance the Park and Ride facility doubling the spaces to 223.

#### **Procurement Implications:**

The highway works will be procured through the Birmingham City Council 'Highways and Infrastructure Works Framework Agreement' which is valid up to August 2018. At this point, it is the intention to package the junction works as one contract to be delivered on a phased basis. A further competition under Lot 4 will be carried out to select a contractor, which will be evaluated on a 30% quality, 60% price, 10% social value criteria. It will be a mandatory requirement for contractors to adhere to the Birmingham Business Charter for Social Responsibility (BBC4SR) and prior to contract award, an action plan will be agreed with the proposed contractors on how the charter principles will be implemented and monitored during the contract period. It may be necessary to remove trees prior to the start of the main works to avoid the bird nesting season. If tree removal is required before the start of the main works the tree removal will be procured through the City Council's Landscape Construction Framework Agreement 2015-2019.

- Network Rail and London Midland: The National Station Improvements Programme (NSIP) is a £150 million Government fund to improve station facilities and deliver significant passenger benefits. A National Board oversees 13 Local Delivery Groups; the London Midland Local Delivery Group consists of representatives of London Midland, Network Rail, Centro and Passenger Focus. Governance for Railway Investment Projects (GRIP) divides a project into eight distinct stages, with formal stage gate reviews held at key points within the GRIP lifecycle. In February 2015 Mott MacDonald was commissioned by Network Rail to produce a GRIP 3 Option Selection report for the delivery of Longbridge Station Improvements. Following the GRIP 3 stage Network Rail plan to utilise one of Network Rail's Infrastructure Projects competitively tendered Building Framework contractors to develop and implement the scheme.
- Centro: Procurement of enhanced bus shelters and wayfinding contracts will be through Centro's Enhanced Infrastructure Framework Agreement procured though OJEU - Lot 1 Enhanced Shelters and Lot 2 Enhanced Totems.
- Procurement of the Park and Ride will be competitively tendered and advertised via Bravo-Solution, Find-it-in-Birmingham, and Contracts Finder. The contractor will be appointed under the NEC form of contracts.

# Links to Corporate and Service Outcomes

The Longbridge Connectivity Scheme will contribute towards achieving the City Council's key policies and priorities as set out in the Leader's Policy Statement 2015, Council Business Plan 2015+, Birmingham Connected, West Midlands Local Transport Plan (LTP), West Midlands LSTF 'Smarter Network, Smarter Choices' project and the Big City Plan. It also aligns closely with the GBSLEP Strategy for Growth, Strategic Economic Plan.

'Birmingham Connected' is the City Council's umbrella policy document for all transport planning activity across the city and is underpinned by the Birmingham Connected White Paper, BCC's 20 year transport strategy. The Longbridge scheme will contribute towards its goal to "...deliver better connections for citizens and businesses."

The draft Birmingham Development Plan (BDP) sets out the statutory planning framework to guide decisions on development and regeneration in Birmingham until 2031. Section 5.10 of the BDP relates to Longbridge and states that an Area Action Plan is in place for the area to secure comprehensive regeneration and guide development over a 15-20 year period. The scheme is consistent with the Longbridge Area Action Plan.

The scheme proposals will support the City Council's objectives, particularly for 'a prosperous sustainable city built on an inclusive economy' and 'reducing economic inequality and tackling deprivation' by improving public transport and other links to employment, training opportunities and local services.

Consultations on these measures will help in 'providing the opportunity for the views of local people to inform physical regeneration and development decisions'.

The scheme will also support the key aims of making Birmingham into a 'Green' and 'Smart' city.

The proposals will also support priorities from the Birmingham Climate Change Action Plan 2010+ particularly 'reducing the environmental impact of the city's mobility needs through Low Carbon Transport'.

The scheme will contribute to the following objectives in the Local Transport Plan 2011-26 (LTP3):

	regeneration in increasing the access jobs by s  K02 'Climate Ch the area's trans most sustainable  K03 'To improve travelling in the sustainable travel casualties;  K04 'Equality of including educations	rpin private-sector led grown the West Midlands met mobility of labour markets sustainable travel; ange' by reducing greenhouse port system and encouraging and low-carbon transport opte the health, personal security West Midlands metropolitan are options and reducing the new Copportunity' by improving action and training opportunity or transport for all including the elderly.	eropolitan area' by and helping people are gas emissions from g greater use of the ions; and safety of people area' by encouraging umber of road traffic cess to key services iies, and improving
Project Definition Document approved by	Cabinet – Local Growth Fund Transport and Connectivity PDD	Date of Approval	17 <sup>th</sup> March 2015
<b>-</b>	Measure	Impact	
Benefits Quantification- Impact on Outcomes	Upgrade the existing railway facilities Improve the existing bus interchange  Improve connectivity to the M42	The improvements will enhal experience and facilitate the in passenger numbers  Providing high quality weath with Closed Circuit Televis Information will provide journey experience accommin demand.  The highway projects have significantly improve journey Longbridge area. Mode improvements showed that is a direct benefit of a.m. and time savings resulting in a journey time and 60% rethrough the area. The reductively to have benefits for these routes and indirect be currently suffer from signific congestion avoidance.	e predicted increase erproof bus shelters ion and Real Time a safer, improved odating the increase we the potential to y times through the lling of highway 600 drivers will have a p.m. peak journey a 40% reduction in eduction in delays it on in congestion is bus passengers on enefits for traffic that cant rat-running and
	Accommodate the diversion of the NCN Route 5 through Longbridge;  Implement a pedestrian wayfinding system Extend the existing Park & Ride	The Integrated Transport F number of Strategic Interces should form the focal point of connectivity going forward; of cycling & walking networks transit connections. With the in 2026 the role and improved interchast connections of the includes an improved interchast This scheme will improve act and pedestrians to the transportation nodes.  Improved walking facilities the new development transportation nodes  Improved connectivity between in particular Longbridge rail up space at other south Birt parks, reducing journey time	change hubs which of local and regional connecting local bus, with rail and rapid introduction of HS2 apportance of these are imperative This hange at Longbridge. cessibility for cyclists e station, linking and connectivity to and linking to een transport nodes, lway station, freeing mingham station car

# **Project Deliverables**

The Longbridge Connectivity Scheme will enhance the overall transport offer in Longbridge, one of the largest regeneration projects in the West Midlands and includes the following individual elements:

- 1. Improve the highway connectivity to strategic routes by addressing pinch points and reduce congestion on Longbridge Lane and Bristol Road South:
- 2. Upgrade the existing railway facilities;
- 3. Improve the existing bus interchange;
- 4. Accommodate the diversion of the NCN Route 5 through Longbridge;
- 5. Implement a pedestrian wayfinding system at Longbridge and;
- 6. Extend the existing Park and Ride.

# 1. Highway Proposals

The highway projects will remove pinch points at junctions on the A38, a principal commuter route and radial corridor of Birmingham, and two junctions on Longbridge Lane, an important local distributor and connection to the M42 Motorway. The changes will reduce congestion and remove severance by creating additional capacity and new crossings.

The highway proposals do impact on approximately 48 highway trees, including approximately 21 trees at the Longbridge Lane / Groveley Lane / Cofton Road junction. It is proposed to plant two new trees in the locality for every tree to be removed. A landscape concept design is being prepared for the Longbridge Lane / Groveley Lane / Cofton Road junction. This scheme aims to mitigate as far as possible the loss of trees at this junction and will be developed further at the detailed design stage.

Improvements include:

- A. <u>Longbridge Lane / Turves Green / Coombes Lane Junction</u>
  The proposals at this location are shown on Drawing CA-02712S1-034 in Appendix F and involve:
- Introducing traffic signals on four arms of the junction to replace the current roundabout junction arrangement.
- Widening the carriageway on all arms to accommodate additional traffic lanes. This will required the introduction of a retaining wall on Longbridge Lane western arm
- Providing controlled crossing facilities within the signalised junction on all arms. The redundant pedestrian crossing on Longbridge Lane eastern arm will be removed.
- The proposals will require the removal of approximately 5 highway trees. Replacement trees will be provided on a 2 for 1 basis within the locality.
- Traffic regulation orders in the form of double yellow lines on all arms of the junction.
- Extending the service road along Longbridge Lane between properties 208 and 220 Longbridge Lane.
- Closing the access ramp off Longbridge Lane servicing properties 214 to 220 Longbridge Lane.
- The removal of one tree will be required to allow the service road to be extended
- B. <u>Longbridge Lane / Groveley Lane / Cofton Road Junction</u>
  The proposals at this location are shown on Drawing CA-02712-S1-035 in Appendix F and involve:
- Introducing traffic signals on four arms of the junction to replace the current roundabout junction arrangement.
- Provision of U Turn ban on the western arm of Longbridge Lane at the junction.
- Providing controlled crossing facilities within the signalised junction on all arms
- Traffic regulation orders in the form of double yellow lines on all

arms of the junction.

 The proposals will require the removal of approximately 21 highway trees. Replacement trees will be provided on a 2 for 1 basis within the locality.

# C. Longbridge Lane Cycle Measures

These measures are detailed in Drawing CA-02172-S1-033 in Appendix F and involve providing a cycle route along Longbridge Lane service roads between the railway station and Groveley Lane Junction. Physical measures will include:

- Traffic signs and road markings
- Upgrading the existing Pelican crossing near Albert Bradbeer School to a Toucan crossing.

#### D. A38 Bristol Road/ Tessall Lane Junction

The proposals at this location are shown on Drawing CA-02712-S3-052 in Appendix F and include:

- Providing a dedicated right turn lane on the north bound arm of the junction.
- Closing the access from Bristol Road South into Farren Road to deter motorists from rat running.
- Providing a U-turn facility into the grass verge just south of the junction.
- Providing a pedestrian crossing on Tessall Lane eastern arm to assist with pedestrians and cyclist movement across the junction
- Traffic regulation order in the form of double yellow lines at the junction of Tessall Lane with Mavis Road, Mill Brook Drive and Kemshead Avenue
- The proposals will require the removal of approximately 11 highway trees. Replacement trees will be provided on a 2 for 1 basis within the locality.

# E. Tessall Lane Cycle Measures

The proposals at this location are shown on Drawing CA-02712-S3-051 in Appendix F and involve closing vehicular access the one way section of Tessall Lane in order to provide a pedestrian and cycle only route. Pedestrian movements near the train station on Longbridge Lane will be improved by the introduction of a raised surface uncontrolled crossing point across the bell mouth of Tessall Lane.

- F. <u>A38 / Lickey Road Junction and West Link Road Junction</u>
  The proposals at this location are shown on Drawing CA-02712S2-015, 016 and 017 in Appendix F and include:
- Enlarging the A38 / Lickey Road roundabout and providing a dedicated left turn slip road on the A38 north bound approach. An area of private land owned by St. Modwen as shown on Drawing CA-02712-S2-001 in Appendix H will be required to allow these works.
- Introducing a traffic signals with pedestrian and cyclists crossing facilities for the new junction of the A38 Bristol Road South and West Link Road. An area of private land owned by St. Modwen as shown on Drawing CA-02712-S2-014 in Appendix H will be required to allow these works.
- Introduce a new Toucan crossing on Bristol Road South west arm.
- The proposals will require the removal of approximately 11 highway trees. Replacement trees will be provided on a 2 for 1 basis within the locality.
- The proposal will provide cycling access improvements on Bristol Road South and Lickey Road. The existing Pelican crossing on Lickey Road will be upgraded to a Toucan crossing.
- G. <u>Bristol Road South and Lickey Road Speed Limit Reduction</u>
  The proposals are shown on Drawing CA-02712-S2-017 in Appendix F and include reducing the 40mph speed limit on A38

Bristol Road South to 30mph within the locality of the Lickey Road junction and along Lickey Road up to the city's boundary with Bromsgrove. The reduction of speed limit on these roads will provide improved safety for pedestrians, cyclists and motorists.

#### 2. Upgrade the existing railway facilities

- Ensure the Station is 'for purpose';
- Glaze the waiting area on Platform 1, and install heating;
- Upgrade all seating on both platforms;
- New cycle storage facilities at the station;
- Automatic power entrance doors;
- Upgrading the station facade;
- Renovate the booking hall to improve pedestrian movement, safety and provide an attractive environment;
- Install accessible toilet facilities;
- Installation of services to facilitate addition ticket machines;
- Additional Customer Information screens and CCTV upgrade;
- Painting of parapet walls of the road over bridge; and
- A canopy extension on platform 1.

#### 3. Improve the existing bus interchange

As part of the scheme, five bus stops on Longbridge Lane and three on Bristol Road South are to be upgraded; two stops outside Bournville College, the three stops which make up the railway station interchange and a three stops outside the Innovation Centre as shown in Appendix I.

Enhanced bus stop infrastructure would include:

- · High quality weatherproof shelters including seating;
- Level boarding at all doors;
- CCTV coverage and help points;
- · Common instantly recognisable branded design; and
- Real time information.

# 4. Accommodate the diversion of the NCN Route 5

The project closes the existing one way carriageway and reallocates the road space to provide a two way cycle route; the existing footway will remain for pedestrian use. This improvement will connect the NCN Route 5 to the Longbridge development site, the Bike Hub at Longbridge Railway Station and the existing cycle infrastructure.

#### 5. Implement a pedestrian wayfinding system

Centro has established a framework for the design development and manufacture of wayfinding signage within the West Midlands. Centro will procure eight wayfinding products to be installed at key decision points to improve pedestrian movement, in particular transportation nodes. Proposed locations are shown in Appendix I

#### 6. Extend the existing Park and Ride

A 102 space car park close to Longbridge railway station opened in early 2014 and features CCTV, a monitored walking route to the station, Help Points and energy efficient lighting. Despite this improved offer, there is still a need for an additional 100+ parking spaces for rail passenger use. The City Council submitted a business case to the GBSLEP on 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2015 seeking £1.97m LGF to deliver the Park and Ride extension, creating an additional 121 spaces. This scheme is considered an important part of the overall Longbridge Connectivity Scheme and the benefits attributed to other elements of the scheme, particularly the railway station upgrade, will not be fully realised without the Park and Ride improvements.

#### The project will include all of the deliverables noted above. Scope Land owned by St. Modwen (shown Appendix H) is required to deliver the highway scheme at A38 Bristol Road South and Lickey Road in order to facilitate the proposed highway junction improvements at these two locations. St. Modwen will transfer the land to the City Council at nil cost. All other required highway land is owned by Birmingham City Council (highways including pavements), who are partners in scheme delivery. Network Rail will require planning consent for the changes to the façade of the railway station. The station property asset is owned by Network Rail and maintained and operated by London Midland, who operates local rail services in the West Midlands. Centro will require planning consent for the Park and Ride extension. Centro has received pre-application advice from the planning authority in support of the multi-storey solution. Centro will require a small strip of land adjacent to the existing Park and Ride, currently under lease to the Longbridge Social Club, to enable the Park and Ride extension to be delivered. The Longbridge Connectivity Scheme is concerned with the Scope exclusions improvements identified above. The highway proposals are not intended to address any existing or future local, residential parking problems. That funding from 3<sup>rd</sup> party sources takes place as currently agreed Dependencies on and that no change to the funding requirements occurs. other projects or Transfer of 2 plots of land from St Modwen to facilitate the highway activities proposals. The City Council has submitted a business case to the GBSLEP on 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2015 for the extension of the Longbridge Park and Ride. The business case for the Park and Ride has been reviewed by the GBSLEP's Independent Technical Evaluator and recommended for approval at the GBSLEP's Growth Team Board in February 2016. In addition, other dependencies include: Completing procurement/tendering processes and placing orders for works Securing access to public highway Phasing works in accordance with other works on the highway Contractors and Statutory Undertakers availability Securing necessary legal agreements and grant agreements with Network Rail, Centro and St. Modwen Properties Network Rail securing planning permission for external works to the station. Application is anticipated in March 2016. The City Council securing funding from GBSLEP for Park and Ride. FBC was submitted to GBSLEP on 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2015. Centro acquiring the strip of land from Longbridge Social Club Centro securing planning permission for the Park and Ride. Planning application is anticipated in December 2015. Each of the projects that comprise the Longbridge Connectivity Project **Achievability** will have dedicated Project Managers from each delivery partner taking the lead for the day to day management of their respective projects. Similar programmes have been completed by the responsible delivery partners. **Birmingham City Council** The project will be managed in accordance with the City Council's Standing Orders, Financial Regulations and Governance Arrangements as set out in the Council's Constitution. The project management arrangements will be in accordance with the Quality Management System which complies with the requirements of ISO

	& Connectivity section management lead for Centro The project managem Gateway Review Process) and will review provide surety that the to time, budget and the The project managem Sponsor assisted by the control of the project managem of the project management of the project manageme	structure Projects team within of the Economy Directorate with the highway elements.  The for Centro projects will be occess (based upon OGC's view and approve the project ey remain on target to deliver at project risk is being management structure will consist of the Project Developer and Project through Centro's Gateway support from Centro's	e through Centro's Gateway Review t at key stages to agreed objectives ed. he Centro scheme bject Manager who		
		nd Programme Management C	Office.		
	Network Rail  Governance for Railway Investment Projects (GRIP) is based on best practice within industries that undertake major infrastructure projects and practice recommended by the major professional bodies. These include the Office of Government Commerce (OGC), the Association of Project Management (APM) and the Chartered Institute of Building (CIOB). GRIP divides a project into 8 stages. Formal stage gate reviews are held at varying points within the GRIP lifecycle. The stage gate review process examines a project at critical stages in its lifecycle to provide assurance that it can successfully progress to the next stage.  Risks  The City Council, Centro and Network Rail have their own internal policies for managing and mitigating project risks. The risks applicable				
		dge Connectivity Scheme p pbridge Connectivity Board. T : C.			
Project Manager		Manager – South Planning an	•		
Budget Holder	Peter Parker, Design I Transportation & Conr	Development Manager, Infrast nectivity.	ructure Projects,		
Sponsor	'	ssistant Director Transportation	on and		
Project Accountant		Manager – Economy Directoratili: rob.pace@birmingham.gov			
Head of City Finance (HoCF)	Alison Jarrett	Date of HoCF Approval:	25/11/2015		
Planned start date for delivery of the project	5 January 2016	Planned date of technical completion	30 September 2017		

2. Budget Summary							
	Voyager Code	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Later Years	Totals
Capital Costs & Funding		£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s		£000s
Expenditure: Highway Schemes	CA.02712- 03-2 -001 to 004						
Development Costs to FBC	10 00 1	49	61.6				110.6
Proj. Management & Detail Design Fees			415	163	59		637
Contract Administration Fees				487	111		598
Works (incl. contingency)				2,549	851.4		3400.4
Statutory Undertakers			966	928	200		2094
Scheme Total		49	1442.6	4127	1221.4	0	6840
Centro Schemes							
Bus Shelters	CA-02000- 03						
Works (incl. contingency)			147				147
Scheme Total			147	0		0	147
Wayfinding							
Works (incl. contingency)	CA-02000- 04		52				52
Scheme Total			52	0		0	52
Park & Ride							
Development Design Fees	CA-02000- 05		50				50
Works (incl. contingency)				1920			1920
Scheme Total			50	1920		0	1970
Rail Schemes							
Longbridge Station	CA-02000- 10						
Fees			210	300			510
Works (incl. contingency)				1150			1150
Scheme Total			210	1450	0	0	1660
Total Highway Schemes		49	1442.6	4127	1221.4	0	6840
Total Centro and Rail Schemes		0	459	3370	0	0	3829
Total Capital Expenditure		49	1901.6	7497	1221.4	0	10669

Funding Sources:						
Highway Scheme Funding	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Later Years	Totals
ITB (Development)	49			51		100
S106: Birmingham Great Park						
1992/03319/LA - Transportation Improvement Account				206		206
Private Sector			868.6	964.4		1833
LEP - Local Growth Fund		1442.6	3258.4			4701
Total Highway Scheme Funding	49	1442.6	4127	1221.4	0	6840

Centro & Rail Schemes Funding	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Later Years	Totals
<b>\$106:</b> Birmingham Great Park 1992/03319/LA - Transportation Improvement Account			76			76
<b>\$106:</b> Birmingham Great Park 1992/03319/LA - Rubery Public Transport Account			73			73
<b>LIT:</b> Occupational Health Building Phase 2 2013/00004/LA 2012/07066/PA			148			148
<b>LIT</b> : Centro Park & Ride 2013/00021/LA 2012/08394/PA			87			87
<b>LIT</b> : Lickey Road 2010/00047/LA 2009/06423/PA			179			179
National Station Improvement Programme		250	250			500
Private Sector			637			637
LEP - Local Growth Fund		159	0			159
Local Growth Fund (Park & Ride) TBC		50	1920			1970
Total Centro & Rail Schemes Funding	0	459	3370	0	0	3829

Total Funding	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Later Years	Totals
ITB (Development)	49			51		100
S106: Birmingham Great Park1992/03319/LA - Transportation Improvement Account				206		206
<b>\$106:</b> Birmingham Great Park 1992/03319/LA - Transportation Improvement Account			76			76
<b>\$106:</b> Birmingham Great Park 1992/03319/LA - Rubery Public Transport Account			73			73
LIT: Occupational Health Building Phase 2 2013/00004/LA 2012/07066/PA			148			148
<b>LIT</b> : Centro Park & Ride 2013/00021/LA 2012/08394/PA			87			87
<b>LIT</b> : Lickey Road 2010/00047/LA 2009/06423/PA			179			179
National Station Improvement Programme		245.2	254.8			500
Private Sector			1505.6	964.4		2470
LEP - Local Growth Fund		1601.6	3258.4			4860
Local Growth Fund (Park & Ride) TBC		50	1920			1970
Total Capital Funding	49	1901.6	7497	1221.4	0	10669

Revenue Consequences	Part Year	Full Year	Full Year
SSD 4068/02 & 03: Longbridge Lane Junctions Improvements	2.6	12	12
SSD 4068/01: A38/Lickey Road, West Link Road Junctions and Speed Limit Reduction		12.6	12.6
SSD 4068/04: A38/Tessall Lane Junction	1.5	2.5	2.5
SSD 4068/05: Tessall Lane Cycling Measures	0.1	0.7	0.7
Totals	4.2	27.8	27.8

Funded By:				
Policy Contingency Funding		4.2	27.8	27.8
Totals		4.2	27.8	27.8

# Notes:

#### **Revenue Consequences**

#### **Asset Management / Maintenance Implications**

As part of BCC's obligations under the Highway Maintenance and Management Private Finance Initiative (HMMPFI) contract, Highways have been formally notified of the proposed changes to the highway inventory arising from this scheme which has been allocated SSD Numbers 4068/01 to 05 (as stated in the Budget Summary table above).

Consultation with Amey is also being carried out to explore opportunities for the coordination of the proposed works with other programmed activities on the highway network.

# **Maintenance Costs - Infrastructure Works**

This scheme will create assets that will form part of the highway upon completion of the works; as such they will be maintained within the overall highway maintenance regime. The estimated net cost of including these newly created assets within the highway maintenance regime is £27,800 per year (including energy costs). This cost will be funded from the provision for Highways Maintenance held within Corporate Policy contingency.

3. Checklist of Documents Supporting the FBC							
Item	Mandatory attachment	Number attached					
Financial Case and Plan							
Detailed workings in support of the above Budget Summary (as necessary)	Mandatory	Available if required					
Statement of required resource (people, equipment, accommodation) – append a spreadsheet or other document	Mandatory	Annex 2					
Whole Lifecycle Costing analysis ( as necessary)	Mandatory	N/A					
Milestone Dates/ Project Critical Path (set up in Voyager or attached in a spreadsheet)	Mandatory	Annex 3					
Project Development products							
Populated Issues and Risks register	Mandatory	Appendix C					
Stakeholder Analysis	Mandatory	Annex 1					
Other Attachments (list as appropriate)							
Summary of Alternative Options		Annex 4					

# FBC Annex 1

#### Stakeholder Analysis

#### Consultation

Development of the scheme has been informed by consultation with:

- Cabinet Member for Development, Transport and the Economy
- Director of Planning and Regeneration
- · Director of Highways and Resilience
- Acting Assistant Director of Transportation and Connectivity
- · Ward Councillors for Northfield and Longbridge
- MP for Birmingham Northfield
- Executive Member for Northfield District
- Sustrans
- Longbridge Consultative Group (attendees: local Ward Cllrs., Northfield MP, BCC, Bournville College, HCA, Parish Council, Local residents, St. Modwen)
- Longbridge Connectivity Group (attendees: Network Rail, London Midland, Centro, local Ward Cllrs., Northfield MP, National Express, BCC, Bournville College, St. Modwen)
- Longbridge Delivery Group (attendees: BCC, Bromsgrove DC and Worcestershire CC).

Furthermore, the development of the project has been informed by two Public Consultations.

A Public Consultation for the Longbridge Connectivity Scheme (covering the Highway, Rail and Centro elements) was held on 25<sup>th</sup> November 2014 and the results are given in Appendix D.

A second Public Consultation exercise was undertaken on the highway schemes between 6<sup>th</sup> July – 31<sup>st</sup> July 2015. To address specific local issues two further consultations were carried out with frontages in October 2015. The consultation results are given in Appendix E. Councillors for the Northfield and Longbridge Wards were consulted and approximately 7100 consultation letters together with plans and questionnaires were sent out to residents and frontages within the project area. Letters / e-mails were also sent to all key stakeholders including Emergency Services, District Engineers, public transport companies, disability representative groups, cycling and walking groups and also local groups. A consultation web page was also created for the scheme on the City Council Be Heard website. Public consultation road signs were also placed at key locations on the public highway to inform passing traffic and the wider community. Additionally the proposals were presented at three consultation road shows held on the 13<sup>th</sup>, 20<sup>th</sup> and 25th July 2015 at The Factory Young Peoples Centre in Longbridge. The events were attended by over 450 visitors.

Longbridge Lane / Groveley Lane / Cofton Road Junction - The July 2015 consultation included two options at this junction:

- Option A Road widening on all arms of the junction maximising capacity for future traffic. 24 trees would be affected.
- Option B Road widening on Longbridge Lane approaches only offering additional capacity, but less than Option A. 10 trees would be affected.

An Option Analysis note was developed; this is attached as Appendix G. This was included as part of the consultation material sent out providing information for Option A and B on tree loss and traffic queue forecasts. The consultation results are given in Appendix E

The feedback received from the consultation has been considered and based on the benefits to all road users on all approaches and the economic business case; it is recommended that the full scheme 'Option A' is implemented. The concern about the affect and impact on trees has been reviewed and with design modifications, it is possible to reduce the number of trees to 21 trees are now affected within the full scheme of 'Option A'.

Farren Road / Bristol Road South Junction 'No Entry' Proposal – The October 2015 local consultation was carried out to seek views on further options at the Farren Road / Bristol Road South junction. This consultation was specifically with residents along and near to Farren Road. The options are as follows:

- Option 1 Make Farren Road 'No Entry' from Bristol Road South for all vehicles.
- Option 2 Make Farren Road 'No Entry' from Bristol Road South for vehicles except for buses.
- Option 3 Make no changes to the Farren Road / Bristol Road South junction (leave the junction as it is).

 Option 4 – Review the Farren Road / Bristol Road South junction 6 – 12 months after the completion of the junction improvements at Bristol Road South / Tessall Lane.

The consultation results are given in Appendix E. The feedback received from the consultation has been considered and it is recommended that Option 2 – Make Farren Road 'No Entry' from Bristol Road South for vehicles except for buses is implemented. The recommended option provides balanced compromise to address the perceived rat running issue without an adverse impact on the two way bus service along Farren Road which some residents rely upon.

Bristol Road South and Lickey Road 30mph Speed Limit Change Proposal – The July 2015 consultation results are given in Appendix E. The feedback received from the consultation has been considered and it is recommended to extend the 30mph Speed Limit on the A38 Bristol Road South to the Colmers Schools and past the Meadows Primary School to the existing 30mph speed limit at Northfield. The proposal is subject to a Traffic Regulation Order.

# Degree of Stakeholder Influence

High Influence	Low Influence	
Northfield Ward Councillors	Bournville College	High
Longbridge Ward Councillors	Longbridge Consultative Group	Importance
Labour MP for Northfield	Northfield District	
Cabinet Member for Commissioning, Contracting and Improvement		
Cabinet Member for Development, Transport and the Economy		
Network Rail		
London Midland		
Longbridge Delivery Group		
Centro		
St. Modwen		
	Bus Operators	Low Importance

# **APPENDIX A**

Stakeholder	Stake in Project	Potential	What does the Project	Perceived	Stakeholder	Responsibility
		Impact	expect from	attitudes and/or	management strategy	
			Stakeholder	risks		
Member of Parliament for	Knowledge of issues	High	Political support for	Concerns over	Ongoing involvement	Transportation and
Northfield	affecting local community		project	highway works.	through consultation	Planning & Regeneration
Ward Councillors	Knowledge of issues	High	Political support for	Concerns over	Ongoing involvement	Transportation and
	affecting local community		project	highway works.	through consultation	Planning & Regeneration
Cabinet Member for	Portfolio holder	High	Political support for	Supportive of	Ongoing involvement	Transportation and
Development, Transport			project	proposals	through consultation	Planning & Regeneration
and the Economy						
Cabinet Member for	Ensuring value for money	High	Political support for	Supportive of	Ongoing involvement	Transportation and
Commissioning,	through procurement and		project	proposals	through consultation	Planning & Regeneration
Contracting and	compliances with BBC4SR					
Improvement						
Longbridge Delivery	Project Governance	High	Supported as a priority	Endorsement of	Approve LIT budget and	Memorandum of
Group			scheme	proposals	project	Understanding
Centro	Delivery Partner of Scheme	High	Supportive of proposals.	Supportive of	Board member and	Centro and Connectivity
			Alignment of Strategic	overall scheme	Delivery Partner	Board
			Transportation vision.			
Northfield District	Knowledge of issues	Medium	Consultation with	Supportive of	Involved in consultation	Transportation and
	affecting local community		community and support	scheme		Planning & Regeneration
			for project			
Longbridge Consultative	Interested Party	Medium	Consultation &	Supportive of	Ongoing consultation	Planning & Regeneration
Group			Community Support	scheme.		
St Modwen	Land interest & funding	High	Funding and support for	Ongoing support	Board Member & joined	Planning & Regeneration
	support		proposals	of scheme	up delivery	
Bournville College	Local facility & s106	Medium	Support for proposals	Supportive of	Involved in consultation	Planning & Regeneration
	payment			scheme		
Bus Operators	Operator of bus services	Low	Support for proposals	Supportive of	Involved in consultation	Centro
				scheme		
Network Rail	Owner of Station and land	High	Support for proposals	Ongoing support	Involved in development	Planning & Regeneration
					and implementation	
London Midland	Train Operator and Station	High	Support for proposals	Ongoing support	Involve in development	Planning & Regeneration
	management					

# FBC Annex 2

# **Project Management Structure and Key Contacts**

The scheme is an integral part of the Local Growth Fund programme, which comprises a portfolio of projects for the delivery of improved infrastructure to support investment in growth.

The programme management arrangements are as follows:

- GBSLEP Programme Manager Lesley Edwards
- Birmingham City Council Programme Manager John Maillard
- Birmingham City Council Design Development Manager Peter Parker
- Birmingham City Council Project Manager Infrastructure projects Jas Chahal
- Centro Programme Development Manager Jon Hayes
- Centro Project Manager Duncan Fry
- Network Rail Sponsor Michele Joyce

#### FBC Annex 3

# **Key Milestones**

Milestone Activity	Date
BCC Project Definition Document	March 2015
Full Business Case submitted (GBSLEP)	June 2015
Full Business Case approval (GBSLEP – Growth Board)	Sept 2015
Park and Ride FBC to GBSLEP	November 2015
GBSLEP approval of Park and Ride FBC	February 2015
BCC Cabinet FBC Approval	December 2015
Park and Ride: Planning Application	December 2015
Bus Shelters and Wayfinding signage: Start on site	March 2016
Highway Projects: Start of works	May 2016
Railway Station: Planning Application	March 2016
Railway Station: Start on site	June 2016
Park and Ride: Start on site	June 2016
Completion of all works	September 2017

#### **FBC Annex 4**

# **Summary of Alternative Options**

#### 1. Upgrade of existing railway station

Network Rail has carried out an Options Appraisal Report on behalf of and funded by Birmingham City Council. This GRIP Stage 3 report was completed in May 2013 and provided three options and costs for off-track, aesthetic and functional improvements to Longbridge Railway Station in order to provide a modern, high quality passenger facility. This report has been revised in September 2015 to incorporate the comments received during consultation for further improvements to the station.

#### Options ruled out:

- a) Decrease scope of improvements the reduction of the proposed improvements would not deliver the necessary outputs and the benefits would likely be perceived as insufficient or inferior by station users. For example, partially renovating the accessible toilet facility or installing new doors without an automatic opening function would not deliver the accessibility improvements.
- b) Increase scope of improvements although there is scope to increase the level of improvements, notably by rebuilding the entire station, the significant cost of over-track works would substantially increase the overall project cost, while not adding the proportionate benefits and therefore, is not the best value for money solution.
- c) Make the investment later there is an option not to do the improvements until the full regeneration of Longbridge is completed and numbers of rail passengers warranted station investment, however this may take several years and the railway station in its current condition would not complement the extent of regeneration works that have already been completed, nor provide the necessary welcoming and safe environment for the new and existing users.

# 2. Improvements to the existing bus interchange and wayfinding

Providing a single, upgraded interchange close to Longbridge railway station has been considered. This is an expensive option and would involve moving the existing bus stops and involve additional land purchase. For this reason Centro, Birmingham City Council and St Modwen consider that upgrading the existing bus stops and wayfinding signage offers the best value for money solution.

#### 3. Extending the Park and Ride

Work began in late 2013 on a free-to-use 102 space Park & Ride close to Longbridge railway station. This opened in early 2014 and features CCTV, a monitored walking route to the station, Help Points and energy efficient lighting. The option proposed is a decked facility that will increase parking provision at Longbridge from 102 spaces to 223 spaces. This would have a number of benefits, including saving people the need to drive to other station car parks (e.g. Selly Oak), therefore reducing journey times and fuel costs.

#### Options ruled out:

- a. Two alternative options were developed that were based on ground level parking. Both of these options would face planning objections based on their adverse impacts on the environment through the necessary removal of trees and landscaping. A Tree Protection Order (TPO) is in place for a proportion of the site, which would pose a significant barrier to delivery. These options would also be subject to extensive assessments, including in relation to air quality, flood risk, landscaping, lighting, noise, tree surveys and a Phase 1 Habitat Report and these could impact upon the deliverability and programme of the scheme.
- b. A 3<sup>rd</sup> option, to do nothing was also considered, but this would not meet the current or future demand for station parking users and therefore fail to meet the objectives of the Longbridge scheme and should therefore be ruled out.

#### 4. Highway Improvements

Three options have been considered at each location and the preferred options have been identified on the basis of need, affordability and local physical constraints.

- 4.1 The Longbridge Lane junction with Turves Green is a mini-roundabout with narrow approaches on all arms. The capacity of the junction is severely limited and safe crossing facilities are located some distance from the junction.
  - a) The first option is to do nothing. However there are significant concerns that the junction is already operating at the limit of its capacity. This junction cannot accommodate additional development.
  - b) The AAP contained a signalised scheme which was initially proposed as part of a strategic link to the A441 for MG Rover however, this had little consideration of constraints, including the need for 3<sup>rd</sup> party land in private ownerships, which would have a significant increased cost and impact on residential properties.
  - c) A subsequent review of the constraints produced a more considerate scheme which achieves a measure of control for pedestrians and additional capacity to accommodate increased demand. The residual cost and physical constraints relate to street trees and statutory undertakers equipment. Recommended option.
- 4.2 The Longbridge Lane junction with Groveley Lane is a small roundabout with narrow approaches on all arms. The capacity of the junction is severely limited and safe crossing facilities are located some distance away.
  - a) The first option is to do nothing. However there are significant concerns that the junction is already operating at the limit of its capacity. This junction cannot accommodate additional development.
  - b) The AAP contained a signalised scheme which was initially proposed as part of a strategic link to the A441 for MG Rover however, this had little consideration of constraints, including the need for 3rd party land in private ownerships, which would have a significant increased cost and impact on residential properties.
  - c) A subsequent review of the constraints produced a more considerate scheme which achieves a measure of control for pedestrians and additional capacity to accommodate increased demand. The residual cost and physical constraints relate to street trees and statutory undertakers equipment. Recommended option.
- 4.3 The A38 junction with Tessall Lane is a major signal controlled junction with narrow side roads, significant volumes of right turning and u-turning traffic and pedestrian crossings on all but one arm.
  - a) The first option is to do nothing. However there are significant concerns that the junction is already operating at the limit of its capacity. This junction cannot accommodate additional development.
  - b) A scheme has been developed to accommodate u-turning traffic on the A38 northbound approach and a pedestrian crossing on Tessall Lane adjacent to Job Centre Plus.
  - c) The AAP contained a scheme which increased the capacity of the A38 northbound approach and provided a pedestrian crossing on Tessall Lane adjacent to Job Centre Plus, a busy attractor of pedestrian traffic.

The physical infrastructure costs of Option b and Option c are similar, and some minor design alterations will seek to accommodate the benefits of both schemes. Recommended option.

- 4.4 Accommodate the diversion of the NCN Route 5 through Longbridge. In consultation with Sustrans, the operators of the NCN, an opportunity has arisen to divert NCN Route 5 through the heart of Longbridge. The proposal is to extend the traffic free route along the River Rea to Tessall Lane. As part of these proposals cycle measures are required on Tessall Lane between Longbridge Railway Station, options considered:
  - a) The first option is to do nothing. However this will not connect the NCN Route 5 to the Longbridge development site, the Bike Hub at Longbridge Railway Station and the existing cycle infrastructure.
  - b) A scheme to provide a shared use footway / cycleway alongside the existing one way section of carriageway.

- c) A scheme to close the existing one way carriageway and reallocate the road space to provide a two way cycle route, the existing footway will remain for pedestrian use. Recommended option.
- **4.5** The A38 junction with Lickey Road is a non-standard roundabout junction, where the circulatory traffic gives way to the A38 southbound approach. All approaches are dual carriageway. There are no controlled pedestrian crossings in the vicinity of the junction, and the forward visibility over the brow of the old railway bridge is below standard and limits any possibility of significant improvement to the junction.
  - a) The first option is to do nothing. However there are significant concerns that the junction is already operating at the limit of its capacity. This junction cannot accommodate additional development.
  - b) The AAP contained a scheme which increased the capacity of the A38 and provided pedestrian crossings by changing the junction into a major signal controlled T-junction. This involved the realignment of the A38 across 3<sup>rd</sup> party land and the full removal of the railway bridge. The cost of these works was predicted to be approximately £8m, but to construct it would require the diversion of the A38 through a part of the development site, and as a result bringing forward other infrastructure and development related costs increasing the sum to £16m.
  - c) A third option accommodates a significant proportion of the full development, but also facilitates a more significant upgrade if and when this is considered necessary. This does not require the removal of the railway bridge or 3<sup>rd</sup> party land which reduces the overall engineering costs. Furthermore, the junction can be constructed without the need to bring forward diversionary infrastructure through the development. Recommended option.