Appendix 3

Appendix	<u> </u>			
	PROJECT DEFINITION DOCUMENT (PDD)			
1. General In	formation			
Directorate	Children & Families	Portfolio/Committee	Education and Early Years	
Project	Additional Places Programme –	Project Code	LV0010 & LV002D	
Title	Basic Need Allocation 2023-		210070 0.210022	
110.0				
Project		(DfF) Basic Need (BN) gra	ant and High Need	
Project Description	Provision Funding Allocation for the purposes of providing respectively. These funds statutory obligation to provide capital projects range from extensions to whole new programme will address the 2020 onwards. The last Submitted at the end of July a clear indication of our recrequirement for additional suplace demand was outlined Requirements 2018/19 to 20 a result of higher primary developments. However, sind of changes to planning and developments has prioritised north of the city (Erdington Birmingham (Hall Green and Additional Primary Places The A	s programme started in Sional places had been proviously a forecast of decline as any areas of the city in the comparison of the city in t	Local Authority (LA) pecial school places Council to meet its or our children. The modation, new build 24+ Future Years" ents for September and to the DfE was This return provides 28/29, reflecting the and. The secondary ol Place Planning December 2018 (as and new housing forecasts as a result and local housing places in both the well as South East september 2010 in ded to date across a result of falling birth hay be a significant hing years which will apply to meet future ges. The process of sed to take place in en deciding whether	
	bearing in mind fluctuating housing demands. We may commissioning places in another.		wth") and increased ces in one area and	
	surplus to requirements. The	are undersubscribed and how e impact on a school's future ality of provision and the imp	financial viability is	

• **Decide** whether places will be decommissioned on a temporary or permanent basis, and how the surplus space will be managed. This could mean the removal of poorer quality assets or reconfiguration of space to provide specialist or SEND (special educational needs or disability) provision.

Approximate Number of Reception places to be decommissioned

No.	2023	Total 2023 - 2024
FE	32.5	32.5
Places	975	975

¹ SCAP 2018 as published in School Place Planning Requirements 2018/19 to 2024/25 Further moderation is ongoing to look at latest updates as a result of changes to school provision, births and migration. We are working in transitional times due to Covid-19 impacting on enrolment, as well as the impact of political changes on migration rates.

Additional Secondary Places

The Additional Secondary Places programme started in September 2014 in Birmingham, although some schools had commenced expansion and new schools had opened prior to then.

Year 7 numbers are now showing a significant forecast increase as the increased primary cohorts move through to the secondary phase. This means that additional places have been required across the city since 2018 and will be until at least 2024. The plan is to increase capacity through bulge classes in the first instance to meet immediate need, and this approach has taken place to secure places for 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22. Further temporary and permanent expansions will be planned to meet need in future years.

Our strategy in Birmingham to meet Basic Need is set out in the School Place Planning Requirements 2018/19 to 2024/25: School Place Planning Requirements (Appendix 4 page 39) document and has 4 key strands:

- 1. Make optimum use of existing space, buildings and sites to provide sufficient, suitable, high quality additional places where needed.
- 2. Work with all schools, academies and new schools to meet Basic Need through co-ordinated expansion plans.
- 3. Allocate annual Basic Need Capital investment effectively and efficiently to areas where basic need requirements can only be met through either remodelling, refurbishment or new-build projects, ensuring that the needs of our most vulnerable young people are prioritised and capital projects make best use of existing resources.
- 4. Identify alternative funding sources and models to deliver requirements including S106, school contributions, bidding opportunities, Local Coordinated Voluntary Aided Programme (LCVAP), Community Infrastructure Levy, future Basic Need allocations, diversion of other capital funding.

The impact on a school's financial viability is considered alongside the quality of provision and the impact of expansion on parental choice and diversity of provision.

Number of additional Year 7 places required

Year 7	No.	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Total
SCAP 2019	FE	8	7	6	3	4	28
SCAP 2019	Places	240	210	180	90	120	840

Additional Special School Places

Since 2015 over 620 additional special educational needs (SEND) places across special schools as well as additional places in both new and expanded resource bases. This coming Summer 2023 will see the first SEND SCAP return to the DfE. Work is ongoing to meet current and forecast demand to meet the needs of our City.

Commissioning of places

Identification of schools to expand will be either through an Expression of Interest process where schools come forward to offer additional places or through a targeted approach where LA officers will identify schools in the right locality. In either case the only the schools meeting the following criteria will be considered for expansion:

- 1. Location in relation to Basic Need
- 2. School leadership and governance it is expected that schools that expand will be Outstanding or Good and have a strong governance practice in place.
- 3. The capacity of the school to provide suitable accommodation on the site this could be within existing space internally or externally and within planning / buildability constraints.
- 4. Popularity of the school whilst this is not a driver for expansion it is important that we recognise parental preference.
- 5. Potential of the expansion to create overprovision or reduce diversity of provision in an area this would be unwelcomed.

It may be necessary to carry out early feasibilities and enabling works, including temporary classrooms, prior to developing a scheme to a Full Business Case approval.

Once existing schools have been fully utilised it is likely that the Council will need to establish new schools through the Free School presumption route to meet any gaps in provision for both mainstream and special provision.

Future Governance and reporting back

Projects will be subject to approval through the Council's gateway processes, utilising a programme approach where appropriate.

A regular update for projects and programme over £20m will be presented to the Capital Board and an annual Cabinet report updating Cabinet on progress on delivery and outcomes as well as to seek approval for future funding.

Links to Corporate and Service Outcomes

Projects have been developed and delivered to maximise alignment with local priorities, in particular to impact on developing skills, employment opportunities, public health and community cohesion. Works will contribute to the Council Business Plan and Budget 2023+, particularly 'A Prosperous City', by ensuring the provision of school places enabling children to benefit from education through investment at a neighbourhood school.

Project Benefits	The benefit of expanding these schools will enable Birmingham
-	City Council to meet its statutory obligation under the Education

Project	Act 1996 to provide special, primary and secondary pupil places to all of its school-age resident children. The consequences of the City Council not meeting this duty are serious and would involve considerable financial and reputational costs. This project will ensure that quality places will be available for local children thus contributing to the safeguarding agenda. Provision of additional special and secondary pupil places	
Deliverables	across various districts.	
Key Project Milestones		Planned Delivery Dates
PDD approval by Cabinet		16 th May 2023
FBC/Contract Awards approval by Cabinet		1 st June 2023 onwards
Planned programme of works commences		1 st June 2023 onwards
Post Implementation review		Throughout 2023/24

Dependencies on other projects or activities	 Planning permission may be required. If schools have listed status consultation with English Heritage and BCC's Conservation team may be required. Placing orders with contactor/s from June 2023 onwards Completion of statutory consultation to increase capacity Confirmation of appropriate schools across various districts Scope of work identified
Achievability	 Schools in scope for expansion are identified Programme and costs have been developed where possible Funding strategy is in place Client liaison between Edl and Acivico is taking place weekly to ensure work is instructed, monitored and delivered on time Project officers from the Edl team will oversee the delivery of the projects in consultation with key stakeholders i.e. Acivico, contractors, schools, surveyors and other property professionals. The team is extremely experienced in managing expansion project

Project Manager	Zahid Mahmood, Capital Programme Manager 0121 464 9855, <u>zahid.mahmood@birmimgham.gov.uk</u>
Project Accountant	Jaspal Madahar, Finance & Resources Manager – Education Infrastructure 0121 303 3251, jaspal.madahar@birmingham.gov.uk
Project Sponsor	Jaswinder Didially, Head of Education Infrastructure 0121 675 0228, jaswinder.didially@birmingham.gov.uk
Proposed Project Board Members	Jaswinder Didially, Head of Education Infrastructure 0121 675 0228, jaswinder.didially@birmingham.gov.uk Zahid Mahmood, Capital Programme Manager 0121 464 9855, zahid.mahmood@birmimgham.gov.uk Clare Sandland, Finance Business Partner C&F 0121 675 3570, clare.sandland@birmingham.gov.uk

Finance Business Partner		Date of FBP Approval	
Other Mandatory Information			
Has project budget been set up on Voyager? Yes			
Issues and Risks updated (Please attach a copy to the PDD and on Voyager)		Yes	

2. Options Appraisal Records

Options Appraisal Record	
Option 1	Create additional places in temporary accommodation
	 Governing body/parental resistance to temporary accommodation Planning approval will not be given for more than 3 years following which units would need to be removed
	Isolation from main schoolDoes not improve the school environment
People Consulted	Head Teachers, School Governors, DfE, Acivico consultants, contractor partners
Recommendation	Proceed or Abandon this Option? Proceed in certain circumstances where provision is required for short period
Principal Reason for Decision	Suitable where short term solution is required.

Option 2	To increase class sizes	
Information Considered	What information was considered in making the decision?	
	Class size legislation	
	Best use of DfE un-ring-fenced Basic Need Funding	
	Ofsted safeguarding principles	
	Teacher/HT/Governor associations	
	Delivery of quality places	
Pros and Cons of	What were the advantages/positive aspects of this	
Option	option?	
	Less cost to BCC	
	Faster to implement	
	What are the disadvantages/negative aspects of this	

	option?	
	 Does not guarantee to meet BCC statutory obligation for provision of places 	
	Not best use of DfE un-ring-fenced Basic Need	
	 Infant class size legislation requires no more than 30 pupils to be taught by one teacher in Key Stage 1 classes. 	
	 Admissions authority would have to employ additional teachers at significant cost. 	
	Safeguarding risks increase	
	Governing body/parental/Teaching Associations	
	resistance to increased class sizes	
	Increased Health & Safety issues due to potential	
	overcrowding	
	Negative impact on standards	
	Negative impact on applications for places	
People Consulted	Head Teachers, School Governors, DfE, Acivico	
	consultants, contractor partners	
Recommendation	Proceed or Abandon this Option? Abandon	
Principal Reason for	Class size legislation, Trade Union/Professional	
Decision	Association and parental concerns will lead to negative	
	impact on school and reduction in applications	

Option 3	To provide permanent new build and remodelled accommodation
Information Considered	 What information was considered in making the decision Best use of DfE un-ring-fenced Basic Need funding Planning Guidance Ofsted safeguarding principles Delivery of high quality places
Pros and Cons of Option	What were the advantages/positive aspects of this option? Best use of DfE Basic Need funding School and community (parental and wider) buy in Delivers quality places Will meet timescale using CWM Framework Complies with safeguarding principles What are the disadvantages/negative aspects of this option? Funding requirement Possible disruption to school and community while build takes place
People Consulted	Head Teachers, School Governors, DfE, Acivico consultants, contractor partners
Recommendation	Proceed or Abandon this Option? <i>Proceed where</i> provision is required in the long term
Principal Reason for Decision	Best use of DfE Basic Need funding where long term solution is required.

3. Summary of Options Appraisal – Price/Quality Matrix				
Ratings from	Options	Weighting	Weighted Score	

1 (lowest) - 10 (highest)							
Criteria	1	2	3		1	2	3
Total Capital Cost	5	10	3	25	125	250	75
Full Year Revenue	1	5	10	5	5	25	50
Consequences		J	10	7	<u> </u>	23	50
Quality Evaluation Criteria							
1) Programme allows							
occupation by Sep 2022-	10	10	10	20	200	200	200
23							
2) Effectiveness: allows	_	_					
delivery of quality	1	3	10	20	20	60	200
education							
3) Functionality : meets							
service delivery and	1	2	10	20	20	40	200
service user requirements							
and delivers quality places							
4) Achievable : will meet	40	2	40	40	400	20	400
statutory responsibility on	10	2	10	10	100	20	100
school places							
Total				4000/	470	505	925
Total				100%	4/0	595	825

4. Option Recommended

Which option, from those listed in the Options Appraisal Records above, is recommended and the key reasons for this decision.

Option 3 to build new and remodel existing accommodation in order to expand existing school sites to meet BCC basic need of additional special, primary and secondary places.

Reasons:

- Best use of Government Grant available
- Will allow schools to meet requirements for additional places
- Can be delivered within time scales using CWM Framework
- Will meet BCC statutory obligations and provide a local place for local children.

5. Capital Costs & Funding	Financial Year 2023/24 £m	Financial Year 2024/25 £m	Financial Year 2025/26 £m	Totals £m
Expenditure Development Funding to proceed to Full Business Case (BN & HNP)	5.000			5.000
Implementation Cost Basic Need	10.500	16.691	37.166	64.357
Implementation Cost High Needs	5.000	10.000	11.738	26.738
Totals	20.500	26.691	48.904	96.095
Funding				
Basic Need Grant	6.000	9.000	35.355	50.355
Corporate Resources	8.500	5.491		13.991
S106 Funding	1.000	2.200	1.811	5.011
High Needs Provision	5.000	10.000	11.738	26.738
Totals	20.500	26.691	48.904	96.095

6. Project Development Requirements/Information				
Products required to	The work includes:			
produce Full Business	Selection of school			
Case	A range of detailed surveys, many of which are intrusive			
	Extensive feasibility work in preparing and agreeing schemes with the Client and each school end user			
	 Scheme design and specification by all disciplines to a stage where Planning and Building Regulations applications can be submitted including payment of their fees 			
	Detailed design			
	Specification,			
	Project planning			

	Procurement to a stage where contracts can be entered into and the scheme built.
Estimated time to	Up to 3 months to complete all programmes to stage D design
complete project	and obtain target costs for schemes. FBC`s will then be provided
development	for final programme.
Estimated cost to	Development of proposals to FBC/Contract Award stage by EdI
complete project	and Acivico are estimated at £5.000m. These costs will be
development	incurred in progressing each scheme to stage D, development of
	design and cost plan, after which contracts can be entered into
	and construction can begin.
Funding of	DfE Basic Need Grant
development costs	

Planned FBC	May 2023	Planned date for Technical	Throughout 2023/24
date	onwards	Completion	