## <u>Statement of Reasons – Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) screening for</u> <u>Birmingham Design Guide Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)</u>

Criteria (from Annex II of SEA Directive and Schedule I of Regulations)	Birmingham City Council's Response	
Characteristics of the plan or programme		
(a) The degree to which the plan or programme sets a framework for projects and other activities, either with regard to the location, nature, size and operating conditions or by allocating resources.	The Birmingham Design Guide Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) provides detailed planning guidance on the design of every scale of development across the city, from household extensions to tall buildings. The SPD builds on the existing policies of the Birmingham Development Plan (BDP) and Development Management in Birmingham Document (DMB) and will assist specifically with the implementation of Policy PG3 Place making in the BDP and policies DM2, DM4 and DM10 in the DMB. The policies contained in the BDP and DMB (including PG3, DM2, DM4 and DM10) have been subject to detailed Sustainability Appraisal, incorporating the SEA regulation requirements.	
	The SPD provides further guidance on the implementation of Policy PG3 which seeks to enhance the quality of places and spaces across Birmingham. This is aided by policies DM2, DM4 and DM10 within the DMB, which focus on providing high levels of residential amenity and ensuring landscape and trees are integrated into development, which the SPD provides more detailed guidance on these aspects. The SPD will therefore supplement existing policies rather than setting the framework.	
(b) The degree to which the plan or programme influences other plans and programmes including those in a hierarchy.	As noted above the SPD will supplement policies contained within the BDP and DMB. It also aligns with national guidance in the National Planning Policy Framework and National Design Guide. As such it is influenced by other higher level plans, rather than influencing them.	
(c) The relevance of the plan or programme for the integration of environmental considerations, in particular with a view to promoting sustainable development.	The SPD supports the aims of BDP and DMB policy of creating mixed, balanced and sustainable communities. Environmental considerations of policies contained in the BDP and DMB were subject to Sustainability Appraisal (see (a) above). It will provide guidance rather than policy and will therefore not have a significant effect on environmental considerations which have not already been considered.	
(d) Environmental problems relevant to the plan or programme.	None.	
(e) The relevance of the plan or programme for the implementation of Community (EU) legislation on the environment (for example, plans and programmes linked to waste management or water protection).		

	Characteristics of the effects and of the area likely to be affected	
--	--	--

	, ,
(a) The probability, duration, frequency and reversibility of the effects.	The SPD provides detailed guidance on the application of Policy policies PG3 Place making in the BDP and policies DM2, DM4 and DM10 in the DMB, which has been subject to Sustainability Appraisal. The SPD itself does not bring forward development. The SPD guides the design of development across the city. As such there is no mechanism for significant environmental effects to arise from the SPD itself which have not already been considered as part of the production on the BDP and DMB, which have met the requirements of the SEA.
(b) The cumulative nature of the effects	As noted above, there is no mechanism for significant environmental effects to arise from the SPD itself. It is therefore unlikely that any cumulative impacts will arise. Where these effects are likely to arise, the City Council will, through the determination of planning applications, ensure such issues are appropriately addressed.
(c) The trans-boundary nature of the effects	As noted above, there is no mechanism for significant environmental effects to arise from the SPD itself. It is therefore unlikely that any cumulative impacts will arise. Where these effects are likely to arise, the City Council will, through the determination of planning applications, ensure such issues are appropriately addressed.
	As noted above, there is no mechanism for significant environmental effects to arise from the SPD itself. It is therefore unlikely that any cumulative impacts will arise. Where these effects are likely to arise, the City Council will, through the determination of planning applications, ensure such issues are appropriately addressed.
	The SPD applies to the entire city of Birmingham – with a resident population of 1,140,500 people (2020 mid-year population estimate). It is considered that any effects not previously considered as part of the BDP will be limited in magnitude.
<ul> <li>(f) The value and vulnerability of the area likely to be affected due to:</li> <li>i) Special natural characteristics or cultural heritage;</li> <li>ii) Exceeded environmental quality standards or limit values;</li> <li>iii) Intensive land-use.</li> </ul>	i) None; ii) None; iii) None
	No significant effects are considered to arise on the adoption of the SPD in line with BDP and DMB policies.